

OBSERVATIE TOOL ARCHIMEDES

Attention! Save your work regularly by clicking the `Save` button! If you don`t save for 60 minutes the form will close automatically and any unsaved data will be lost.

Observation							
Teacher`s name: Laura Murillo Arboleda	Observer`s name:	Jacob de Ruiter					
Teacher`s email: laura.murilloarboleda@student.hu.nl	Role of observe	Professional Development tutor (HU) 🗸					
What educational form does the teacher follow?	Observer`s ema	ail: jacob.deruiter@hu.nl					
Year: Bachelor year 4	Course unit / M	odule(s): Studie & werk 4 / Professional Development 4					
This observation instrument is intended to provide insight into the pedagogical and didactical skills of trainee teachers and to facilitate a development-oriented discussion with them. In the background data section, you need to fill in things about the context and background of the observed teaching. This is followed by seven different domains, each consisting of three to seven skills when expanded. You should observe and score the skills. Skills that you cannot or do not want to observe can be scored as 'not applicable'. There is space at the bottom for comments and feedback. You score the skills using the following answer categories: 1 = was not observed, even though the situation called for it 2 = observed to a limited degree							
3 = observed to a sufficient degree 4 = extensively observed n/a = not applicable							
► Background information							
Name of the school?	Clas	ss name?					
Nova College	ZWJ	AMO23A					
What year is the class in? 1 ✓		at is the education level of the class? o level 4 🔻					
How many students are there?		ich subject is being taught? nish					
Date lesson visit: 04-06-2024		e of observation: d of the morning (10-12pm) 🕶					
▶ 1. Safe and supportive learning environment							
1.1 The teacher demonstrates involvement with the students	nt View Examples	▶ Comments					
1.2 The teacher demonstrates respect fo students 1 2 3 0 4 n/a	r the	Comments					

View

▶ Comments

1.3 The teacher demonstrates empathy for

the students

○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ◎ 4 ○ n/a	Examples	
1.4 The teacher promotes social cohesion in the classroom 1 2 © 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
1.5 The teacher creates a relaxed atmosphere in the classroom 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Laura has a friendly way to lead the lesson. She is clear and the students seem willing to work with her.
1.6 The teacher maintains order by establishing clear rules and procedures 1 2 3 4 ● n/a	View Examples	▶ Comments
1.7 The teacher effectively handles disturbances	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
2. Effective organisation of education activities		
2.1 The teacher ensures that the teaching materials are in order 1 2 3 • 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	ppt and lesson up are ready, and have all the necessary information.
2.2 The teacher structures the education 1 2 3 • 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	review of what was learned and then Laura adds new information.
2.3 The teacher ensures that learning time is used effectively 1 2 3 0 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
2.4 The teacher deals with the learning objectives formulated for the education programme 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
2.5 The teacher checks whether the learning objectives have been achieved 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Laura checks understanding (learning) all the time. At the end of the lesson Laura goes over the lesson goals and asks if students know and what they have learned.

3.1 The teacher effectively structures instruction 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Frequency adverbs are presented in a sentence (not in context). Then there is time to practice.
3.2 The teacher activates the students` existing knowledge 1 2 0 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Very quickly, and she does most of the work.
3.3 The teacher explains the subject matter in a clear way 1 2 @ 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	• Comments
3.4 The teacher checks whether the students understand the subject matter 1 2 3 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Comments
3.5 The teacher clearly explains the educational assignments 1 2 3 ● 4 ∩ n/a	☐ View Examples	• Comments
3.6 The teacher ensures that all students are involved in the lesson 1 2 © 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Laura makes sure tht all the students participate and are working.
3.7 The teacher tailors their use of language to the students` needs ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ● 4 ○ n/a	☐ View Examples	A lot of Spanish and for the rest a mix of English and Dutch.
. Activating and stimulating education		
4.1 The teacher shows enthusiasm about the subject and the subject matter ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ○ n/a	☐ View Examples	Comments
4.2 The teacher uses activating teaching methods and assignments 1 2 @ 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Laura checks what students know before providing new information.
4.3 The teacher asks questions that stimulate the students to reflect on the subject matter 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
4.4 The teacher organises interactive education 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	• Comments

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4.5 The teacher makes use of cooperative teaching methods 1 2 3 4 ● n/a	☐ View Examples	Comments
4.6 The teacher demonstrates flexibility in their educational activities 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Students who don`t have the material have to write on a piece of paper. This takes some time to get done.
4.7 The teacher encourages the students by complimenting their work and behaviour 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Laura gives quite a lot of compliments.
5. Promoting a learning oriented culture: focus on learn	ing and achiever	nents
5.1 The teacher has high and appropriate expectations of the students 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Comments
5.2 The teacher stimulates students to do the best they can 1 2 3 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Comments
5.3 The teacher promotes an environment in which it`s okay to make mistakes 1 2 3 ● 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	> Comments
5.4 The teacher provides insight into the students` academic progress 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
5.5 The teacher provides the students with effective feedback 1 2 @ 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	Comments
5.6 The teacher links the subject matter to the world beyond the classroom (transfer) 1 2 3 4 ● n/a	☐ View Examples	Comments
5. Differentiation		
6.1 The teacher adapts their instruction to the differences between students 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments

6.3 The teacher adapts guidance and support to individual students` needs ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ◎ n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
7. Support the development of learning skills		
7.1 The teacher gives students control over their own learning process 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
7.2 The teacher encourages students to use (cognitive) learning strategies □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
7.3 The teacher promotes students` awareness of their own learning process (metacognitive knowledge) 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments
7.4 The teacher promotes students ability to monitor their own learning process (metacognitive skills) 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	• Comments
7.5 The teacher promotes students` self-regulation of their motivation to learn 1 2 3 4 n/a	☐ View Examples	• Comments
7.6 The teacher encourages students` to engage in critical thinking	☐ View Examples	▶ Comments

Space for comments during observation:

Laura starts on time. Unfortunately only 7 of the 17 students are present. This is one of the only two classes these students have today, and many apparantly decided not to come.

Laura uses a lot of Spanish and the students try to participate. Laura takes time to allow the students to answer. On the ppt, Laura has the lesson in Spanish and translated into Dutch.

As such a good and active lesson in which the students learned.

Space for development-oriented feedback and advice for the future:

Try not to put the translations on the board. If you do that, the students will only read the Dutch. The frequency adverbs are practiced with actitivities from the work book. The answers are not checked discussed and if it wasn't finished it's homework. The lesson up checked a lot of things. If today's learning goals are frequecy adverbs, I would have expected that as quiz. Obviously the rest was also in the previous lessons and the students did quite well.

As such the lesson is formS based, i.e. it is a grammar/vocabulary lesson. How can you make this more communicative? These kids are obviously willing to learn. Take advantage of that.

The class visit will **NOT** be graded if a student:

- follows the course Pedagogical practice or Methodological practice in the new curriculum;
- in the old curriculum follows the course Study & Work 2A, 3A or 4A.

Is this lesson visit part of the conclusion of the Study & Work module 2B, 3B or 4B? Click "Yes" in the question below and please enter the rating.

Is	an	assessment	part of t	this lesson	visit to	conclude a	module (e.a.	part of	an S&W	B-module)
	u	assessinene	part or t		VISIC CO	conciduc d	inouaic ((C.g.	part or	un san	D illoudic,

Yes
No

Minimum requirements for bachelo	or teaching degree	
Year 1: no minimum requirements. A le	sson observation by the	supervisor is not required.
Year 2: a minimum score of 3 or 4 on the	•	
Year 3: a minimum score of 3 or 4 on sl		
Year 4: a minimum score of 3 or 4 on the	ne skills is needed in the	domains 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
How does the observer assess the	pedagogical-didactic	behaviour of the student teacher during the lesson visit?
The observed behaviour is not yet a	at the required level	
The observed behaviour is at the re	equired level	
The observed behaviour is above the control of	ne required level	
		Check and close